



LIGHT TO
LIVE BY

A DAILY BIBLE
READING AID

**Book 4 of 24: Exodus, Titus
(& Proverbs 13-15)**

Month: _____

Light to live by: A daily bible reading aid
© 2025. Written by Will Aitken

All rights reserved. Please ask for written permission to reproduce or utilise any parts of this book.

All Scripture quotations, unless otherwise indicated, are from the English Standard Version ^(ESV). All underlining, italics, insertions, brackets, [], and other forms of emphasis, are ours.

For any suggestions or edits, please email: oneaimallgod@gmail.com

For other booklets in this series, visit: www.oneaimallgod.org

Acknowledgements: I would like to acknowledge my great God for from, through and to Him are all things. To Him be all glory for any good that comes from these booklets for it is only by His Spirit and strength that this was done.

Contents

A daily structure for time with God.....	4
Resources	6
Day 1: Background of Exodus	8
Day 2: Exodus 1-2.....	10
Day 3: Exodus 3-4.....	11
Day 4: Exodus 5:1-6:27	12
Day 5: Exodus 6:28-8:32	13
Day 6: Exodus 9-10.....	14
Day 7: Exodus 11:1-13:16	15
Day 8: Exodus 13:17-15:27	16
Day 9: Exodus 16:1-17:7	17
Day 10: Exodus 17:8-18:27	18
Day 11: Exodus 19-20	19
Day 12: Exodus 21:1-23:9	20
Day 13: Exodus 23:10-25:22.....	21
Day 14: Exodus 25:23-27:21.....	22
Day 15: Exodus 28-29	23
Day 16: Exodus 30-31	24
Day 17: Exodus 32:1-33:11	25
Day 18: Exodus 33:12-34:28.....	26
Day 19: Exodus 34:29-36:38.....	27
Day 20: Exodus 37-38	28
Day 21: Exodus 39-40	29
Day 22: Background of Titus	30
Day 23: Titus 1	32
Day 24: Titus 2	33
Day 25: Titus 3	34
Spare Days.....	35
Prayer points	39

A daily structure for time with God

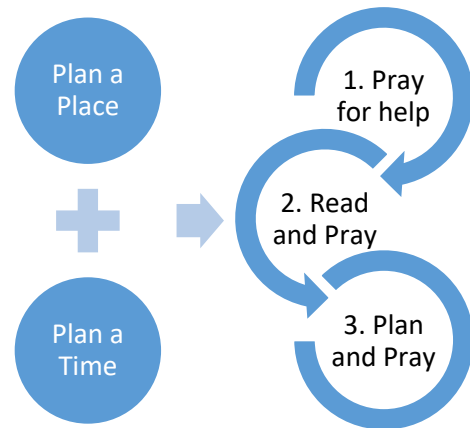
Try to follow this structure each day to help you grow and be challenged as you read God's word. Try to get into a habit of doing it in this way and it will help you to be consistent. Plan and pray for discipline in this area and try to figure out what works best for you.

Plan a place

Find a place that is free of distraction, quiet, private and that works for you. Jesus often withdrew to a desolate place to pray (Luke 5:16).

Plan a time

Plan a time (try to aim for 1 hour) in the day that works for you, is quiet, free of distractions and is a time when your mind is clear. Set alarms to remind you to do it. Jesus would withdraw in the early morning (Mark 1:35, Luke 6:12).



And then each time you spend time with God, do the following steps:

1. **PRAY for God's help** to understand and apply what you are going to read. Seek for God's Spirit and Word to convict you and that Satan wouldn't snatch the word from you. Pray the prayers found in Psalm 119, like Psalm 119: 10, 17-18, 27, 29, 33-34, 36-37, etc.
2. **READ AND PRAY the passage.** Pray that the things in the passage would be true for yourself and others. Pray that God would pierce you with His Word in the things you need challenging in. Pray for understanding as you read and praise God for what you read.

Also, as you read and pray, be sure to do it in the following ways:

- a. **Slowly:** Take your time! The slower you go the more you can grow! Now you won't have time to do this with everything, so pick certain passages or verses to read slowly and study.
- b. **Carefully:** Read verse by verse and word by word (even letter by letter and stroke by stroke for it is all God inspired as Matthew 5:18 shows).

- c. Thoughtfully: Mediate on God's word! Think about the verses, words and structure. What is the authors purpose and main point? What comes before and after this passage? How does this passage relate to other parts of the bible? What is repeated or emphasised in the passage? What does it challenge in your life?
- d. Vocally (out loud): This can really help you concentrate and think through what you are reading. Also, most books of the bible were written and designed to be read out loud.
- e. Humbly and Honestly: Accept the truth of God's word for what it says and let it pierce your life. Don't diminish God's truth in any way. Repent when rebuked by the passage and seek God's forgiveness and strength to change.
- f. Asking Questions: Ask questions about everything and pray them to God. Read the passage as though you are a five-year-old, asking why, why, why about everything? Write down the questions you have and seek answers from the passage, context, other parts of the bible or other resources. Ask what does the passage teach you about God, humanity, sin, the gospel story, how God desires for you to live, etc.

3. PLAN AND PRAY to apply it:

What attitudes, actions, emotions or thoughts has the passage challenged in you today. Plan who you need to talk to, what you need to do today to apply this and pray for God's help to do it. Be sure to make plans of how to apply it. If we don't plan things, they don't happen. Be sure that you are not just a hearer, but a doer of the word.

Also have a focused time of prayer to ask God for what you have read to be true for yourself, family, friends, those at church and others you know. There is a prayer section at the end of this booklet which allows you to have a list of prayer points and people you pray for. Also use this time to praise God for how he is growing you, confess sin, repent, pray for your spiritual walk, ask for opportunity to share the gospel, etc.

MEMORISE a verse or key challenge: You can then use this during the day to MEDITATE on it and allow it to continually grow you. This will also allow you to share the good things God is teaching you with others and be equipped for the moments we must speak God's word into the lives of others. You won't be able to remember the whole passage, so just pick one idea, phrase or verse for each day.

Resources

See the separate “preface and overview booklet” (on oneaimallgod.org) for articles on why I have written this booklet, why you should commit to reading God’s Word and an overview of the reading plan.

Resources for further study:

- Use the helpful hints and questions in this book to help you dig at God’s word. Try not to read these or look at these questions until AFTER you have done your own thinking and reading.
- ‘How to read the bible book by book’ by Fee & Stuart.
- The ESV Study Bible.
- The ESV background introductions which are all available online.
- The Gospel Coalition online courses on books of the bible.
- Good Sermon websites (Desiring God, Grace to you, Ligonier, Truth for life etc)
- Bible.org, Bible Hub, Bible study tools, Bible web app.
- The PrayerMate app to enrich your prayer life and for devotional resources.
- Bible project overview videos (though it is helpful to be aware of the following things the article called “Review: The bible project – brilliant but flawed” on the Gospel Coalition website.
- Buy a simple commentary. See the background section of each book for recommendations.
- Also, throughout this booklet there will be recommended resources for further study.

Tips to help you memorise God’s Word:

1. Read the verse out loud 8-10 times and then say it from memory several times. It’s amazing how quickly you can remember things just doing this.
2. Then do this with another verse and add them together. Say it through a few times.
3. Keep reviewing them every spare moment you have. Use the tear page at the back of this book to write the verse down and put it in your pocket to review it during the day. And keep reviewing them later down the track even after they have been learnt.
4. Know, understand and apply the verse you are trying to learn. When you see why the verse is important, it will help you learnt it!

5. Structure the verses and concepts in your mind. Connect it with images, stories or other things to help you remember.
6. If you're creative, then form the verse into a drawing, story or song.
7. Listen to "If my words abide in you" on the Desiring God website to see the importance of memorising scripture.

Extra tips for reading God's Word:

1. Come to God's word hungry to know Him and eager to see the beauty in Christ and wonder of God's wisdom. Pray that God would make His Word your delight.
2. Seek accountability with others as you read. You could also meet once a week or message daily to share what you're reading.
3. This plan isn't enough, so try to soak yourself in God's word. Ideally on top of this reading plan, you should try to pick a book of the New Testament and then read, study and memorise it for the month or more. Try to set aside another time later in the day or night to do this and to read other Christian books and do your own further studies.
4. Journal out your thoughts, prayers and how you plan to apply what you have learnt. Writing things out can help you think through things. However, be sure to focus on your relationship with God and focus on remembering things so you can keep thinking on them. (You may need to use your own journal as there isn't a lot of space in this booklet).
5. Don't stop reading and praying until God has blessed you with something and encouraged you. Plead with Him for this!
6. Which Translation? For accuracy and ease of reading, I recommend using the English Standard Version (ESV). For further study, you can then compare it with the NIV, NASB, NKJV or NLT.
7. In the end you need to do what works for you, but here is a pattern you could follow for your devotional time with God:
 - Morning: read and pray (20-40 min), memorise (5 min), further study (5 min).
 - Night: review the mornings readings and pray (10 min), focused study of a passage, read Christian books/devotions (20 min).
8. Be intimate with your God. Be someone who walks with God. To effectively grow in your relationship with God, you need hear from Him in His word, and also speak much to Him. "Praying in the closet and in the Spirit" on Desiring God is a great sermon to help grow your prayer life.



Day 1: Background of Exodus

OPTIONAL: Quickly read through/listen to through the entire book of Exodus to get a feel for its flow, structure and key themes. Record your observations below. *(Use a spare day if you need extra time to do this)*

What occurred in Genesis as a lead up to the Exodus story?

How does the story of Exodus fulfil promises made in Genesis?

What does Exodus teach us about God and His interactions with His people?

Helpful Hints

- Exodus is really a follow on from Genesis which gives the background to the story. Exodus takes place roughly 400 years after Joseph who was second in charge over Egypt. Joseph's father and brothers had come to Egypt during the famine that occurred throughout the world at that time. Back in Genesis 15:13-14, God promised to Abraham that his offspring would be afflicted for 400 years, but that they would come out with great possessions. All of this we see occur in Exodus.
- Tips to help read Exodus:
 - Throughout Exodus we see how God keeps His promises. He brings them out of Egypt, provides for them and is going to take them to the promised land. Also, the Israelites came to Egypt as 70 people, but they go out having a total population of around a

few million people. Look out for the fulfillment of God's promises.

- God's covenant with His people is a key theme throughout the book. We see how God upholds His covenant promises and sets up the Law as the side of the covenant which they must keep. This is why the Law has such an important place.
- God's deliverance and His power and sovereignty to bring this about. It is important to recognise how deliverance occurs before the giving of the Law.
- The Exodus itself, is the key moment in the book and it is looked forward to at the beginning of the book, and often reflected on in the latter half of the book.
- The presence of God is a key theme throughout, and it is His presence in Israel that distinguishes them from other nations.
- How does this book shine the gospel and fit in the story of the bible?
 - Many things in this book point forward to Christ and the deliverance he brings as he redeems His people from sin.
 - The law shows our many sins before God who is holy, and shows us the need we have to be forgiven by way of a sacrifice taking our place.
 - The need for atonement for sin and that death and blood is need for deliverance is made clear throughout Exodus.
 - God's presence, His holiness and the particular ways in which He can be approached shows us the necessity of Christ to allow us as unholy people to dwell with a holy God.
- Purpose:
 - To show Israel's history, God's deliverance and why they should accept His laws.
 - To reveal who God (Yahweh) is and show the importance keeping a covenant relationship with Him.
 - To set up how Israel should relate to God.
 - To show how the promises to Abraham continue on through the Israelites.

Recommended Resources

- "The message of Exodus" by Alec Motyer in the Bible Speaks Today series.
- See the ESV online article "Introduction to Exodus".



Day 2: Exodus 1-2

Rd Proverbs 13:1-4. In what ways do you need to guard your mouth?

How do we see God's sovereignty and power throughout these chapters?

How is God at work to care for His people in these chapters?

How is 2:23-25 an encouragement to us as Christians when we face hardships?

Remember to try to commit parts of the bible to memory. Try remember and put into practise Ex 2:23-25.

Helpful Hints

- Here we so clearly how God keeps his promises. 400 years earlier, the Israelites had come to Egypt and now they had grown to be a great nation of many people as God had promised to Abraham. Even throughout these chapters we see how God is still working to keep His promises and nothing can stop him.
- Exodus 2:23-25 shows that God hears our cries for help, He remembers the promises He has made to His people, He keeps His side of the covenant, He sees His people and HE KNOWS! He knows what we are going through and He knows how to provide the mercy we need in the moment we need it. Dwell on the many promises God makes to those who are His people!

PLAN & PRAY



Day 3: Exodus 3-4

Rd Proverbs 13:5-6. How should you hate falsehood in your life?

What is God doing and going to do when His people face suffering (3:7-8)?

Who is going to bring about this deliverance and how is He going to do it (3:13-22)?

Who has ultimate control of Pharaoh's heart (4:21-23)?

Helpful Hints

- God sees our troubles, hears our cries, knows our sufferings and He comes down to deliver and bring what is good (3:7-8). And this care, provision and love from God should bring us to worship (4:29-31).
- In Exodus 4:10, we see Moses doubt his abilities to be able to do what God wants, but God doesn't respond by building up his self-esteem and lifting up Moses to show he does have the skills. Instead God lifts up himself and that He will be with Moses. We don't need a self-esteem boost when we are unsure if we can do what God desires, instead we need to see who God is and trust in Him.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 5: Exodus 6:28-8:32

Rd Proverbs 13:12-15.

How can our words bring life to those around us?

How does the example of Pharaoh show that evidence is not enough to cause someone to believe (7:3-4)?

Who hardens Pharaoh's heart (7:13, 13)? What does this show us about the sovereignty of God?

Why does Pharaoh at times give in and say he will let God's people go (8:8, 14)?

Helpful Hints

- Pharaoh saw many signs and wonders, but he still did not believe or even listen to God and obey what he demanded (7:3-4).
- Pharaoh's heart is hardened and so he only says that he will let God's people go as a temporal fix and achieve what suits him (8:14). People do this with God too and only seek what they can get out of Him. Repentance and life change is not genuine if it doesn't last and if it is only seeking to get what it can out of God.
- Exodus 8:23 shows how there is a division between those who are God's people and those who aren't. God's people are separate and do not face the devastation God brings.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 6: Exodus 9-10

Rd Proverbs 13:16-20.

Why is it important to learn to others?

Why does God have His own people and why does He deliver (9:1)?

How is Pharaoh's repentance false (see 9:27-28, 34-35, 10:16-20)?

Helpful Hints

- God has a people, but it is not all about them. He has a people and He delivers them so that they will serve Him (9:2). It's not all about us, but we are all about God. Even those who aren't His people are raised up so that His power is shown and His name is proclaimed (9:16). The purpose of the Egyptians and Pharaoh is so that God could bring the plagues and show what He is like and that there is none like God, who can do what he does (9:14).
- Exodus 9:34 shows how Pharaoh hardened his heart, but 10:1 shows that God has hardened His heart. God has sovereignly determined and is at work in hardening Pharaoh's heart, but Pharaoh also wilfully hardens his heart and is responsible before God for this.
- The reason Pharaoh and the Egyptians have hard hearts is because of their lack of humility (10:3). Pride brings about unbelief in God, and humility is key to bring us to depend on God.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 7: Exodus 11:1-13:16

Rd Proverbs 13:21-24.

Why is discipline such a loving act?

What does the Passover story teach us about how God delivers and what is necessary for this?

How does the Lord provide for His people and prove to be a promise keeping God in chapter 12?

Why is the first one to open a womb to be consecrated to God (13:1-2)?

Helpful Hints

- Exodus 11:7 shows how God has made a distinction between His people and those who are not. What a privilege, for without this we would have no hope.
- Death and blood are needed to bring about deliverance. The Passover shows this, and only someone's blood can stop the death of another. What a wonderful picture this is of Jesus' sacrifice and what it achieves for us. God's wrath does not rest on us, but passes over us because it has rested on His Son. His blood was spilled for us and He is the ultimate sacrifice that takes the place of punishment on our behalf.
- God is worthy of the best (13:1-2, 12) for all is His, and He has given Israel deliverance from death when they did not deserve this. How could we withhold anything from God when all is His, and he has provided such a great redemption?

PLAN & PRAY



Day 8: Exodus 13:17-15:27

Rd Proverbs 13:25-14:8.
 Why are righteousness and wisdom important?

What must the people do, so that they will be delivered from the Egyptians (14:13-14,

What is the purpose of God hardening and destroying some people (14:17), and then delivering others (14:30-31)?

How do Moses and the people praise God? What do they praise him for? How should this guide how we praise God?

Helpful Hints

- The people are so quick to doubt God as soon as trouble hits (14:10-12). But God does not abandon them, but instead requires utter silence and trust from them (14:13-14), for He is the one who is working to save (14:30-31).
- Exodus 15:11 displays the holiness of God which refers to how he is set apart. He is like no other in the sense that He is morally pure, but here in this passage we see that He is like no other in the sense that He does wonderful and glorious things that no one else can do.
- This chapter is a wonderful display of what God is like and what he does. Use this song to guide how you pray and praise God today!
- God has just powerfully delivered them, and they have praised Him for it, and yet they so quickly forget and begin to grumble (15:24). Grumbling and being discontent is a real failure to trust God.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 9: Exodus 16:1-17:7

Rd Proverbs 14:9-14. To make healthy decisions in life, we need to not just have a surface understanding of things, but see what their end result will be.

Why is it so foolish that the Israelites grumble and distrust God? How do we foolishly do this in our lives?

Why is this place they come to called the wilderness of Sin (16:1, 17:1)? Why is grumbling a sin?

Helpful Hints

- When we grumble and complain, we are showing a clear distrust in God and that we are not content with what he is doing. We need to remember when we grumble about things in life, we are actually doing it against God! (16:8).
- It is interesting how the Sabbath principal is given before the rest of the Law (16:26), showing its importance.
- God still provides for the Israelites despite their sin and distrust in Him (16:1-36). And yet even after this, they don't trust God and some collect extra manna for the Sabbath. We tend to trust in ourselves, even though God has done everything to show that he can be trusted. How do you do this in your life?

PLAN & PRAY



Day 10: Exodus 17:8-18:27

Rd Proverbs 14:15-19.

Why are thoughtfulness and caution important?

What does Moses show should characterise a good leader?

What provides Jethro certainty that God is greater than all gods (18:10-11)?

What type of characteristics should we look for when picking out a leader or servant in God's ministry (18:21)?

Helpful Hints

- God bring about the deliverance shown in 17:8-16, for it is as long as the staff of God remains up that victory occurred. Yet, though it is God at work, he uses and requires Moses and the people to work for it.
- Moses is a good leader because he has a great care for the people, he is humble, he listens to advice and he delegates.
- We need to be wise and humble so that in all of life we will listen to advice from others. Don't be proud and think you know how to do everything or that you must do everything.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 11: Exodus 19-20

Rd Proverbs 14:20-21.

Why should we be generous to the poor?

Rules are set up and great care must be taken before meeting with God. Why? What does this show us about God? (19:7-25)

What is the purpose of the law for the Israelites? What roles does the Law have in our lives?

Helpful Hints

- In Exodus 19:5-7 we see that God will uphold His side of the covenant, on the basis that they uphold theirs. Obedience to God is necessary since they are His treasured possession, a kingdom of priests and a holy nation.
- God is holy and great care is taken when the Israelites come into His presence, else they will perish (19:21). He is holy, set apart, not like them and perfect, and our sin would be a stench before him. Do you have a reverence like this when you come to meet with God?
- The law comes after God has delivered and redeemed Israel. They are a sign of their relationship and covenant with God, and works for us as Christians are a sign that God has saved us by faith in Christ.
- Work through the Ten Commandants and see how you have disobeyed your Holy God. Pray God would reveal your sin and show you your need for Him to redeem you.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 12: Exodus 21:1-23:9

Rd Proverbs 14:22-25.
 Why do we need to be people who plan and toil?

Why must we honour our parents (21:15-17)? Do you place this much importance on respecting your parents?

How do you need to grow to be a person of truth (22:21-24)?

How do you fail to fulfil the principles given in these chapters? (Allow your failures to cause you to seek God's forgiveness and repent).

Helpful Hints

- Exodus 21:1-11 shows how God is fair and just in the laws that He lays down for slaves. We need to be like this in our dealings with people.
- Exodus 21:32-36 teaches the principle that we are responsible for the damage caused by things that belong to us.
- Exodus 22:21 and 23:9 show how we should have a great care for people who go through what we have been through. Also remember in difficulty that God can use your experiences to help you better care for others.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 13: Exodus 23:10-25:22

Rd Proverbs 14:26-28.

Why is it vital to have the fear of the LORD?

What things should we do in our lives to take care of the poor around us (23:10-11)?

Why is it worth obeying and serving our God (see 23:20-33)?

What is done to confirm the covenant between God and His people (see 24:1-12)?

Helpful Hints

- The Israelites needed to take care concerning who surrounded them (23:32-33). We must also be careful of who surrounds us, as they will influence us and cause us to sin.
- God will meet His people on the ark of the covenant, above the mercy seat, which is covered by the cherubim (25:21-22). In mercy God must meet us, and through the the law kept inside the ark, God speaks to His people. This is why the ark is holy and is not to be touched.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 14: Exodus 25:23-27:21

Rd Proverbs 14:29-32.

How do these verses challenge your character?

What does the design of the tabernacle and its court teach us about God and entering into His presence?

What does the presence of the altar show must occur to be able to come into God's presence? (27:1-8)

How does the tabernacle resemble creation and point to what the new creation will be like?

Helpful Hints

- In the design of the tabernacle (chapter 26), we see that it centres around the Most Holy Place, where the ark is kept. The tabernacle provides separation from the Lord who is Holy (26:33).
- The altar is an essential part of the tabernacle, for blood must be spilled to allow unholy people to come into the presence of a holy God.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 15: Exodus 28-29

Rd Proverbs 14:33-35.

What benefits come from righteousness?

What needs to characterise people when they come into God's holy presence?

What do chapters 28-29 reveal about God and His holiness?

Helpful Hints

- Chapter 28 shows the many things that are needed to come into the presence of the LORD who is holy. If the priests did not do these things, they would die! This is how serious it is to be in God's holy presence. We also need to take great care and prepare when we come into God's presence. How does this challenge how you come into God's presence?
- Exodus 29:35-46 show how consecration, sanctification and holiness are needed for God to dwell with His people. As Christians, these things are so important for us too, because our bodies are a temple of the Holy Spirit. Also, through prayer and gathering with Christians, we come into the presence of God. How should we prepare to meet with God in these ways?

PLAN & PRAY



Day 16: Exodus 30-31

Rd Proverbs 15:1-4. What should guide how we use our mouths?

From these chapters, what do we learn about what God is like and what we are like?

Why must the people of Israel keep the Sabbath? What principles apply to us from this?

Helpful Hints

- Exodus 30:28-30 shows that to serve God or be used in His service requires consecration and cleansing.
- The Sabbath is holy (set apart) for us (31:14) and it is to be a day that is holy (set apart) to the LORD (31:15). For the Israelites, keeping the Sabbath was not only important because of the rest it gave, but also because it was a sign of their covenant with God (31:12-17). However, the principle of having a day of rest is still important for Christians today, as the Sabbath is grounded on creation (31:17), not something that was only relevant to the Israelites. (See Hebrews 4 for more on the Sabbath).

PLAN & PRAY



Day 17: Exodus 32:1-33:11

Rd Proverbs 15:5-10. Why must we listen to reproof and instruction?

Why is the sin that the Israelites commit so foolish (32:1-6)?

Why does God relent and not give the Israelites what they deserve (32:11-14)?

How does 32:30-35 and 33:3 show how dangerous wilful sin is?

Helpful Hints

- The Israelites have no patient trust in God, but they give up on God as soon as He isn't proving what they want Him to be (32:1-2). Are we like this?
- How foolish it is to pursue 'our gods' and think they will satisfy and provide in the ways that only God can (32:4).
- In Exodus 32:19 we see Moses display anger, but he is angry at things that would have angered God.
- Exodus 33:11 shows how Moses spent intimate time with God, where God spoke directly to Him, face to face or mouth to mouth (see Numbers 12:8). Do you have intimate times with God speaking continually to Him as though he is a friend always alongside you (33:11).

PLAN & PRAY



Day 18: Exodus 33:12-34:28

Rd Proverbs 15:11-12. How should we respond knowing that our hearts are open before God? (In the bible, heart refers to the core of who you are and includes your will, personality, emotions, desires and soul).

In 34:6-7, the Lord passes by Moses and shows what He is like. How does Moses respond to this (34:8-9)?

What implications did the jealousy of God have in the Israelites lives, and what should it challenge in our lives (34:11-16)?

Try to remember Exodus 34:6-7. Seeing God to be like this should bring us to our knees in worship of Him.

Helpful Hints

- If God is absent, we should not want to do anything (33:15-16)!
- God listens to Moses' intercession because He knows him (33:17). The prayers of a righteous person have great power (James 5:16)!
- God is a jealous God. He is jealous for His people, and this shows his deep love for them (34:11-16). A husband who is not jealous for their wife and who doesn't care if they flirt with others, is not in love with his wife. May we not test our God's jealous love, by flirting and whoring ourselves with the many god's of our lives.
- To rest during the ploughing and harvest time (34:21) required a deep trust in God, because if things we left to long, the harvest could be lost. We must trust God, even when it seems foolish in our eyes to do so.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 19: Exodus 34:29-36:38

Rd Proverbs 15:13-15.

What should characterise our hearts?

What does Moses' shining face teach us about God and what being in His presence should do in our lives (34:29-35)?

What guides people's contributions to the tabernacle (35:4-29)? What should guide our giving to the work of God?

Helpful Hints

- After spending time in God's presence, Moses would shine, because he had come before a holy and glorious God (34:29-35). Our lives should shine that we have been in God's presence and it should be evident to others that we have spent time with God. Are you someone who is known by others to be someone who spends time in the presence of God?
- Exodus 35:30-36:1 shows how God equipped these people for His service by the Spirit. It is the same for us! All that we have, all of our skills and knowledge has been given by God, and we are dependent on Him for these things.
- In Exodus 35:4-29, the people who gave did it willingly and those who were able would contribute and do their part.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 20: Exodus 37-38

Rd Proverbs 15:16-17.

Why is love and the fear of the LORD so great?

What do all the particular details about the Tabernacle and its various elements teach us about God and worshipping Him?

Do we place a great seriousness in how we worship God and take great care as we enter into His presence? How do we fail to do this?

Why is it not wrong for God to have all these costly materials used for Him and His work?

Helpful Hints

- God needs to be worshipped in particular ways. We need to follow His design for worship and shouldn't just enter into His presence in a flippant way, for He is a holy God.
- All throughout the building of the Tabernacle and other elements, we see precious materials being used. This is because God is worthy of all these things. It shows how precious and worthy He is, and that He is worthy of the best that we have, for all is His.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 21: Exodus 39-40

Rd Proverbs 15:18-22. Do you humbly seek advice in your life?

How do the priestly garments and all that has been made for the tabernacle reveal what God is like?

What is required before everything can be used in God's service (40:9-15)? Do we do this with our churches, ministries and those who serve?

Helpful Hints

- So much care was needed for priests to minister before our Holy God and the tabernacle was set up in a certain way to worship God. Do we take this sort of care in our ministries and worship services? Do we do church with little consideration about how he wants it to be ordered?
- All the commands surrounding the tabernacle and its various elements can seem tedious, yet Moses does all that is commanded (see 40:16-33). He had a great trust in God and that His ways were best. We too need to strive do all God commands, though it can seem impossible and it seems so tedious to have to follow it all.
- Despite all the consecration that occur in 40:9-16, they still can't enter the tabernacle when God is present (40:34-35). This is how holy God is and how unholy they are.

PLAN & PRAY



Day 22: Background of Titus

OPTIONAL: Quickly read through/listen to the entire book of Titus to get a feel for its flow, structure and key themes. Record your observations below. *(Use a spare day if you need extra time to do this)*

Who is Paul writing to and how should that impact how we read this letter (see 1:4-5)?

Read the introduction in Titus 1:1-4. What does it teach us about this letter and the key themes that it will address?

Helpful Hints

- Date: Probably written after Acts 28 (Paul's first imprisonment in Rome) which places it around mid-60sAD.
- Key Themes: The way in which our belief in God impacts our behaviour.
 - The gospel produces godliness in believers' lives.
 - Importance of godly men as elders.
 - Good works are extremely important in the lives of Christians.
 - God's grace is the grounding for Christian ethics.
- Purpose: Paul writes because of the prevalence of false teaching and the need to encourage Titus in His work. (The letter doesn't make clear what the false teaching was, but it seems it was in some way undermining the need for godliness). To counter the false teaching, Paul shows Titus some key elements of a healthy church so that he may seek to bring these things about.
- Tips when reading:
 - Take note of the emphasis this letter has on doing good. Genuine grace at work in someone's life will result in them doing good (e.g. 2:14). Paul is not against Christians seeking to do good, in fact he is all for it. However, the moment works become a means to receive grace is legalistic false teaching.
 - Remember that the letter is written to Titus who was like a key elder who was put in charge of churches and setting up their leadership. This will change how some parts of the letter are read and applied.
 - Try to remember some of the passages in this letter.

Recommended Resources

- Look online for the ESV article called an "Introduction to Titus".
- See John Stott's Commentary in the Bible Speaks Today series.
- See the online Biblica.com article on Titus.



Day 23: Titus 1

Rd Proverbs 15:23-26.

What should characterise our words?

What is to characterise the elders of the churches (1:5-9)? Why are these things so essential for Christian leaders?

What is the purpose of rebuke (1:13)?

How are we to deal with false teachers (1:10-16), and what are some ways that can help us identify them?

Helpful Hints

- Bringing about faith in God's elect is also brings about godliness (1:1). Salvation and godly living are necessary and go alongside each other.
- Titus was like a child to Paul in the faith (1:4). Do you have people like this in your life that you are teaching and caring for?
- There is such a high calling on those who serve God, however the description of elders in 1:5-9 is really a description of mature Christians. We all should strive to be like this! In what ways do you need to grow to be a mature Christian?
- Titus 1:9-16 shows how rebuke needs to happen to those who contradict God's word. Who do you need to come alongside lovingly and rebuke because they contradict God's word in word or action?

PLAN & PRAY



Day 24: Titus 2

Rd Proverbs 15:27-30.

How do you pursue unjust gain in life?

Why is mentoring people and being a godly example so important (2:1-8)? Do you have people like this in your life?

What does God's grace achieve in our lives (2:11-13)? How does the gospel train us for these things?

Helpful Hints

- By being submissive and well pleasing to people, we are showing all good faith and wearing the doctrine of God our Saviour (2:9-10). Our lives should be characterised and living out the gospel.
- The purpose of God's grace is not only to bring salvation, but to train us to lay aside sin and to live righteous lives (2:11-13). This is why we need to hear the gospel every day!
- Titus 2:14 shows that you have been redeemed by Christ to be a people zealous for good works. Are you achieving what Christ has saved you for, or are you living a life of sin, which is what Christ redeems us from (2:14)?

PLAN & PRAY



Day 25: Titus 3

Rd Proverbs 15:31-33.

Why should we listen to reproof? What do we need to help us listen?

What types of good works should we be devoted to (see 3:1-2, 14)?

Why must the gospel (3:2-7) be insisted upon? What does it bring about in our lives (3:8)?

How should we deal with things and people that are unprofitable (3:9-11)?

Helpful Hints

- In Titus 3:1, Paul tells Titus to remind them of these things. We all as Christians need reminding of the good we are to do.
- The gospel needs to be insisted on in the lives of those who believe (3:3-8), for it will make us careful to be devoted to good works.
- Is your life characterised by taking care and seeking to be devoted to good works? Do you plan and prioritise how they should be done in your life? Being devoted to this in life is profitable (v8) and fruitful (v14).

PLAN & PRAY

Spare Days

You can use these spare days each month for catching up, reflecting on what you have read or to study a passage you have read in detail and even memorise it.





**LESSONS
YOU HAVE
LEARNT
THIS
MONTH**